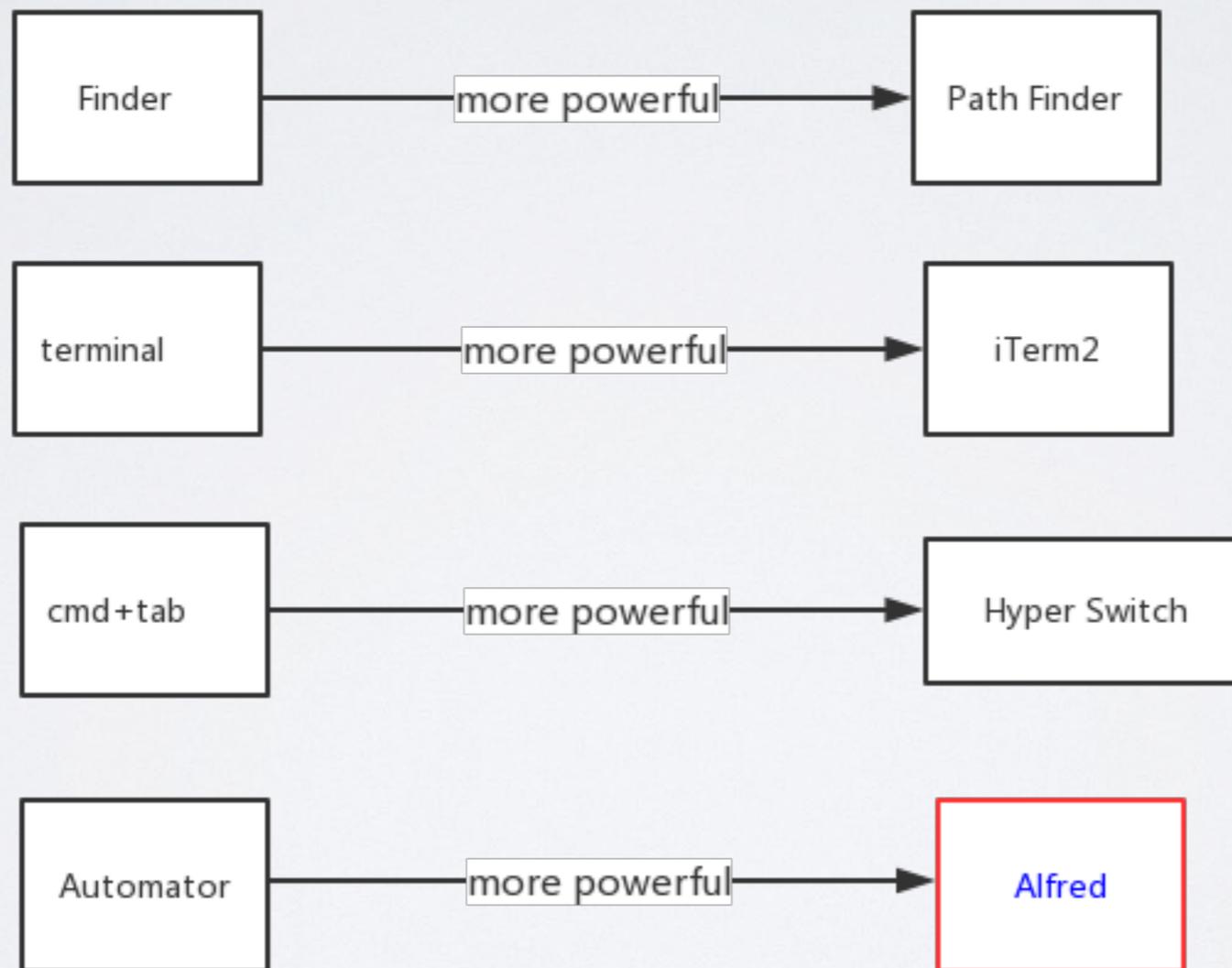


分享

常见的mac工具

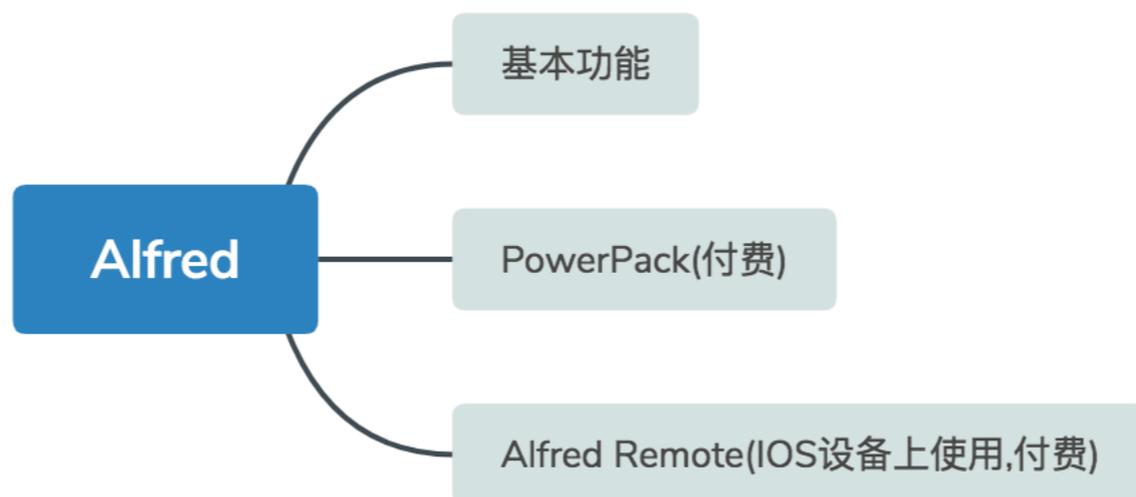
为了更好的用户体验, 为了更强大的功能, 我们可能会抛弃mac自带的软件, 而选择更优的软件



概览

1. Alfred基础功能展示，它有什么用？
2. 一些好用的workflow推荐
3. 如何编写一个基本的workflow

Alfred 构成

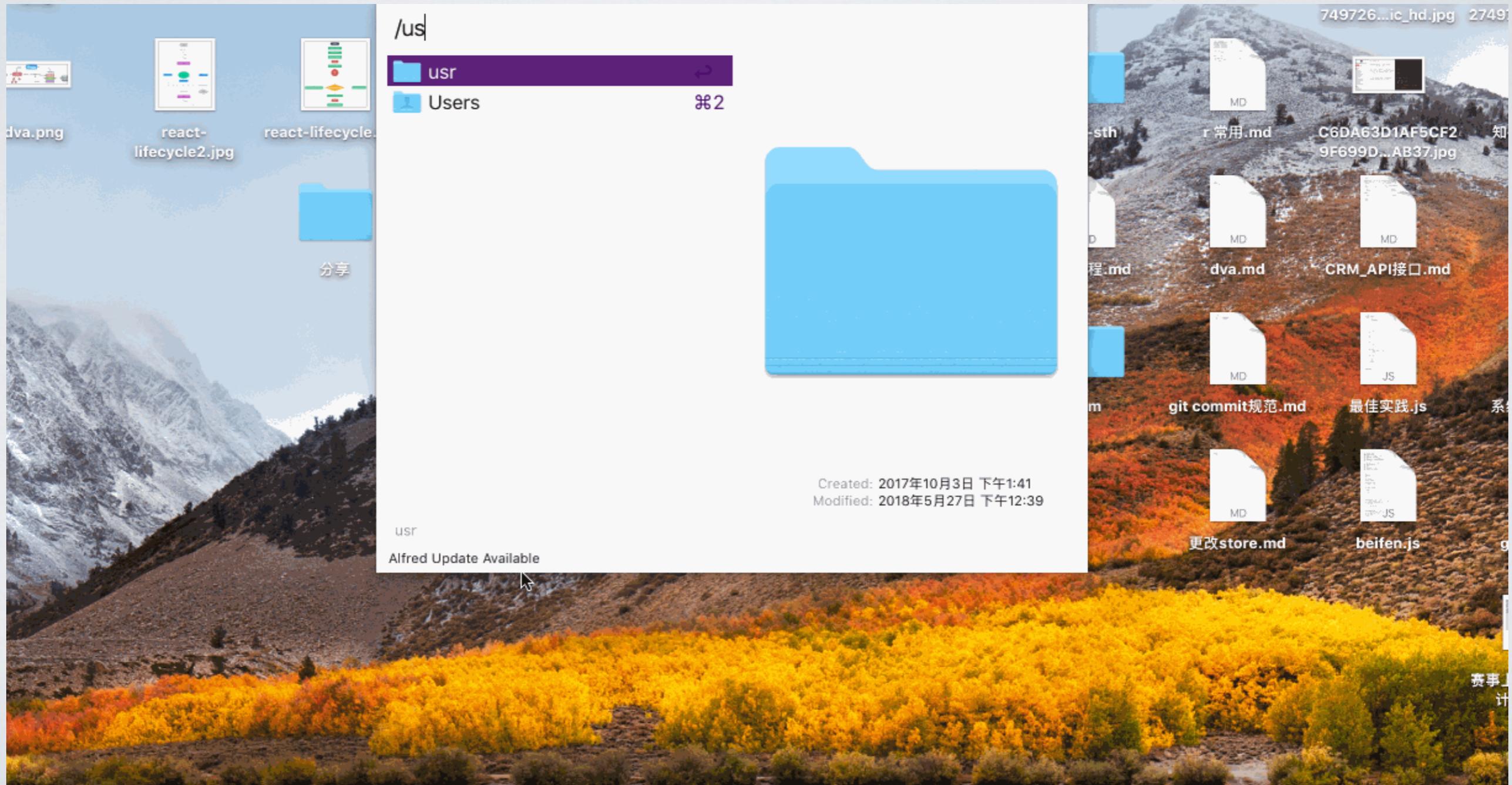


基础功能

- 计算器
- File search
- Web search
- System
- Dictionary
- Snippets

File search

- 快速进入根路径与用户家目录
- 文件预览



File search

- Open
- Find
- In
- Tags



网页搜索

新标签页

bd | 百度搜索

Alfred Update Available

Google

Search Google or type URL

- 知乎 CRM
- 百度一下, 你就知道
- efer · GitLab
- 知乎 CRM
- efer / doctor-strange ...
- 主页面 - Zhihu Wiki
- 执行金额二期需求 - ...
- 知 广告 - 知乎 wangya...

System 功能



System

Control macOS directly from your keyboard; ejecting, quitting and hiding apps.



Screen Saver:

Show Trash:

Empty Trash: Confirm

Log Out: Confirm

Sleep: Confirm

Sleep Displays: Confirm

Lock: Confirm

Restart: Confirm

Shut Down: Confirm

Use the specified keywords to perform the system actions.

Hide:

Quit:

Force Quit:

Quit All: Confirm

Use the specified keywords to perform application actions.

Volume Up:

Volume Down:

Toggle Mute:

Use specified keywords to change the system volume on your Mac.

Eject:

Local Mounted Volumes

Removable media will show ejectable removable media such as USB flash drives, DVDs and mounted images. Change the scope above if the drive you want isn't displayed in Alfred's results.

Eject All:

Eject all volumes for type selected above. Please wait until the eject notifications before unplugging your drives.

Blacklist:

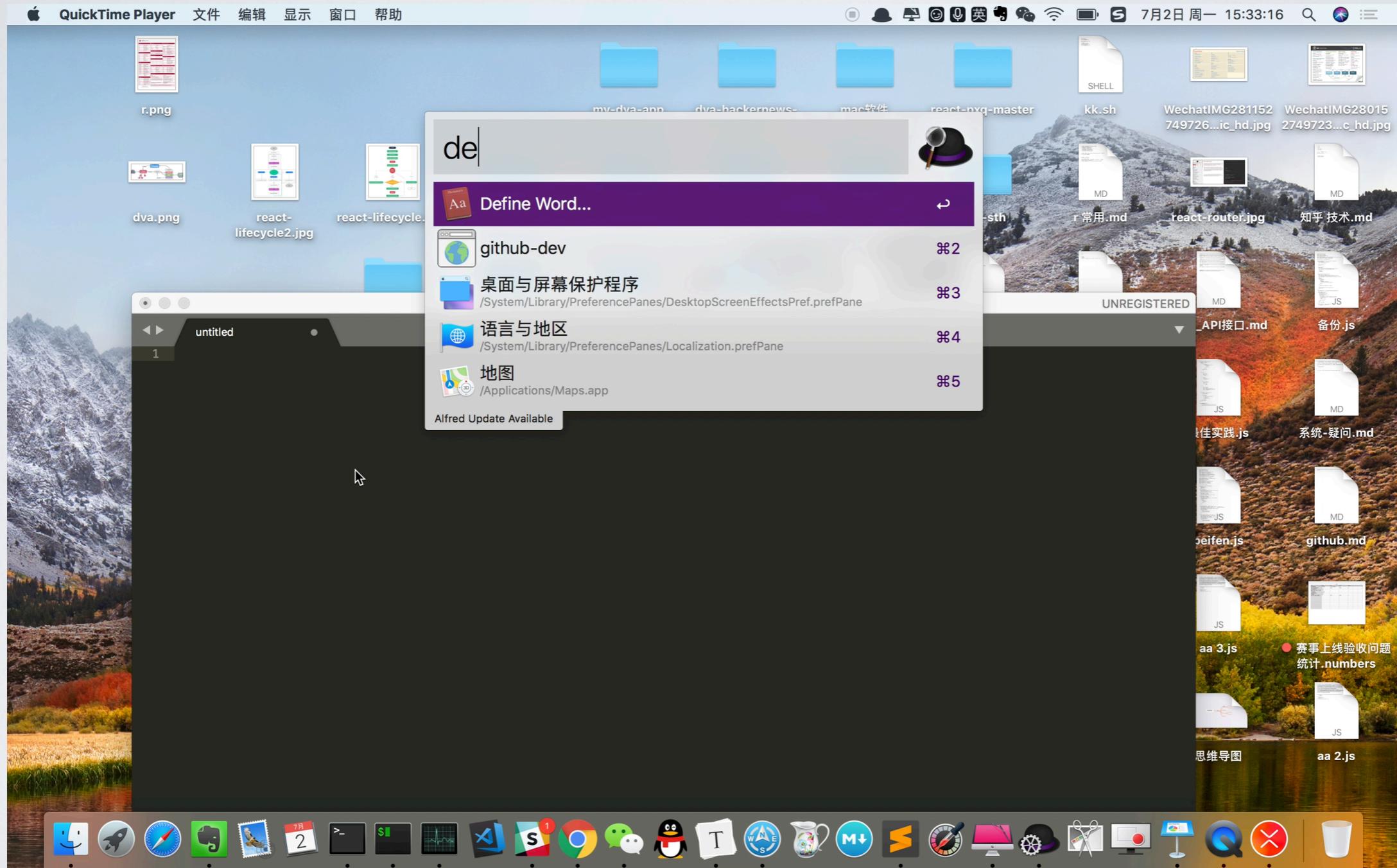
Add volumes you don't want to see in the results when using Eject and Eject All.



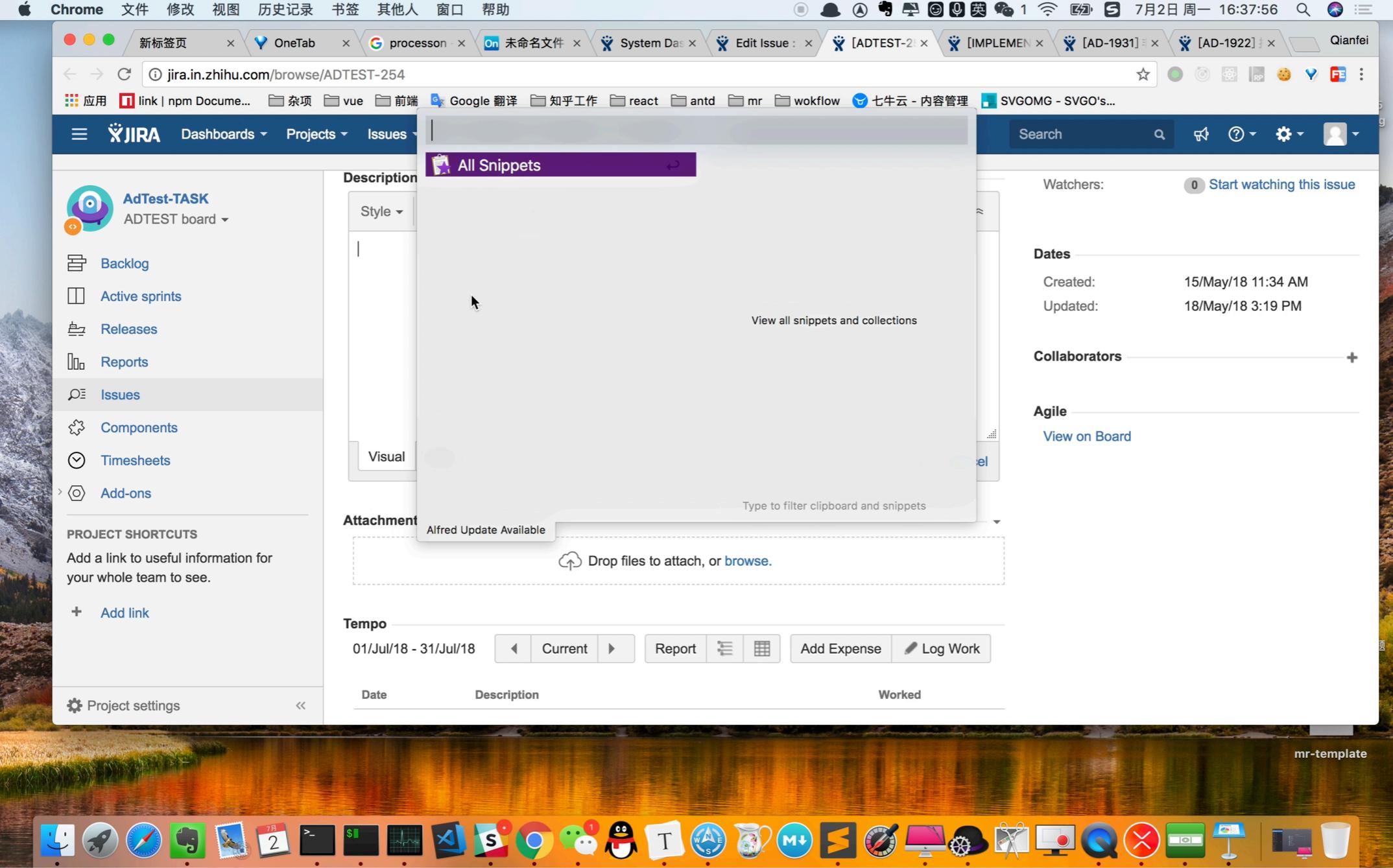
System 功能



Dictionary 功能



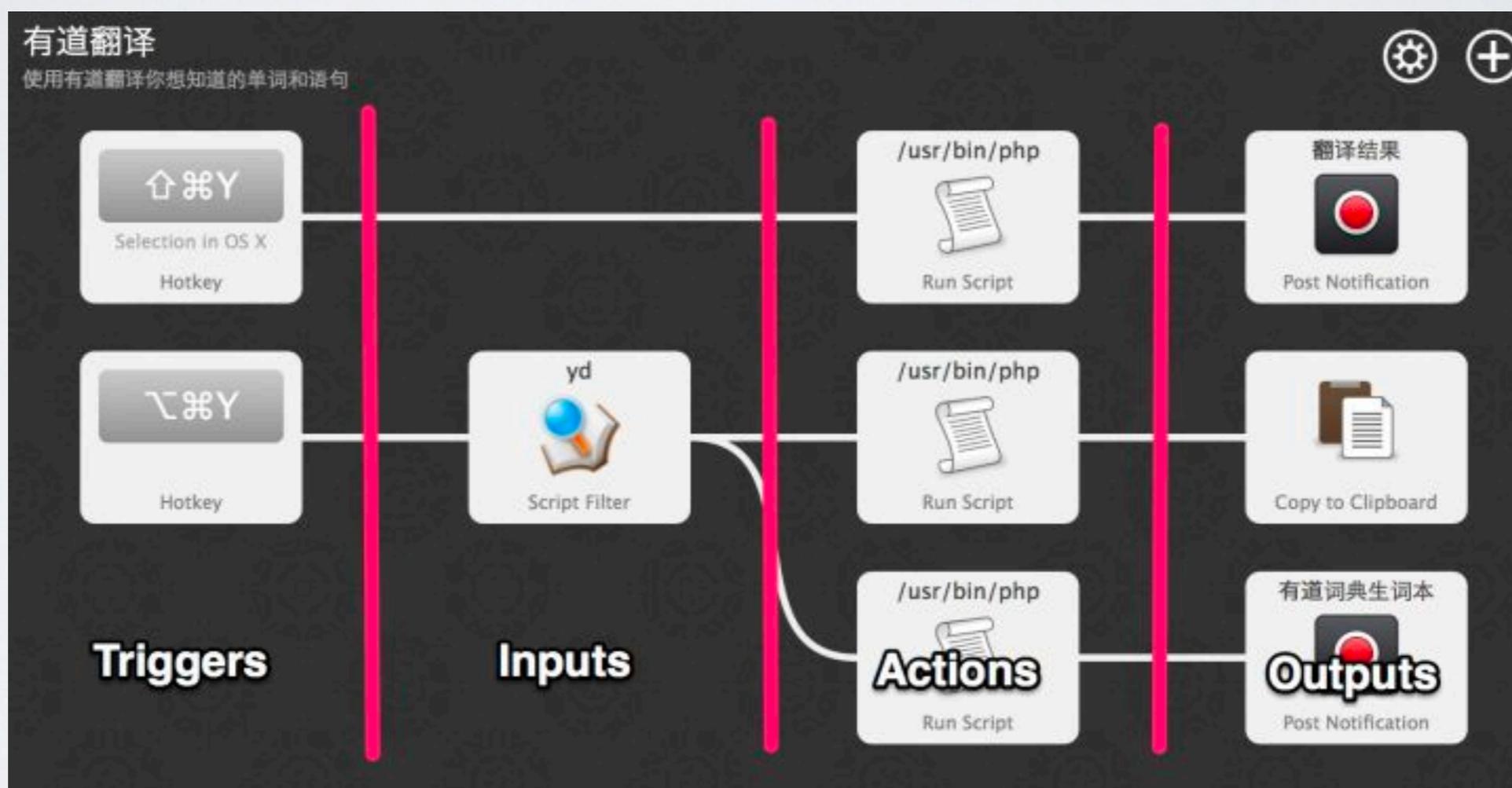
Snippets 功能



Workflow

Workflow是什么？

WorkFlows可以通过用户自己写脚本语言来定制搜索和其它一些高级功能，类似 mac的Automator。



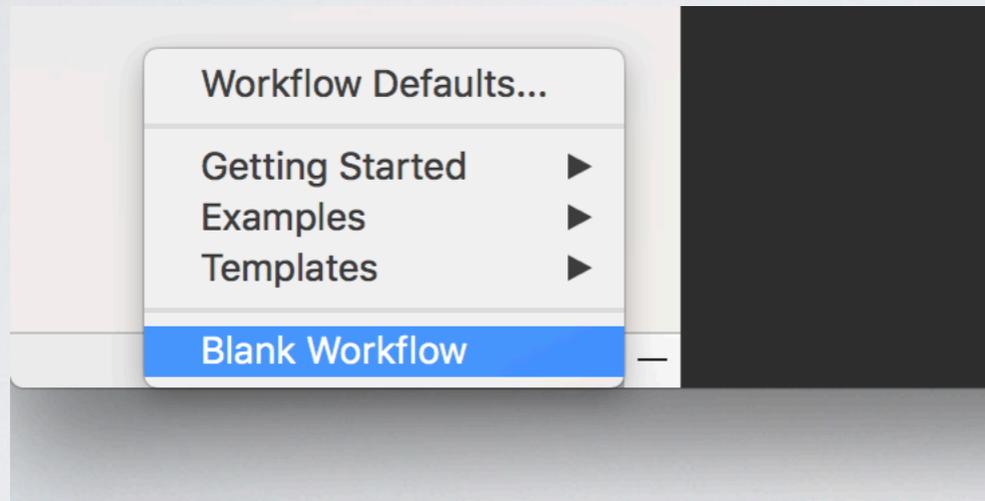
Workflow推荐

- Kill
- TerminalFinder
- Wifi
- Youdao
- Emoji
- CodeVar

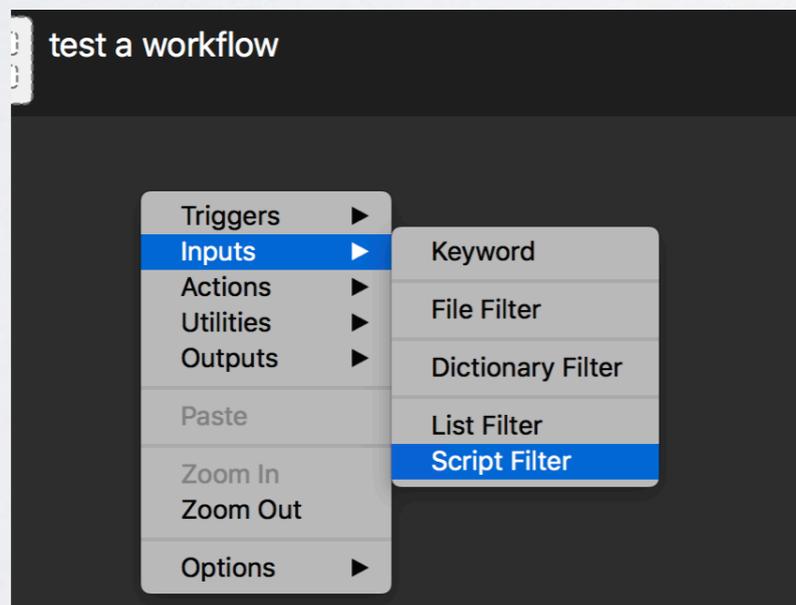
更多workflow见 <http://alfredworkflow.com/>

编写一个基本的Workflow

Step 1



Step 2



编写一个基本的Workflow

Step 3

Keyword: 搜索关键词 with space Argument Required

Placeholder Title: 占位提示语

Placeholder Subtext:

"Please Wait" Subtext:

The details of the placeholder result you will see when typing the keyword. The "Please Wait" subtext will be shown while waiting for the script's initial results.

Language: /bin/bash with input as {query} Run Behaviour Alfred filters results ⚙️

Script:

```
./node_modules/.bin/run-node index.js {query}
或者 /local/usr/bin/node index.js {query}
```

Escaping: Spaces Backquotes Double Quotes Backslashes Brackets Semicolons Dollars

Replaces {query} in your script with the object input, escaping as selected. Don't use wrap tags e.g. <?php ?>.

? ⌘ Cancel Save

编写一个基本的Workflow

Step 4

```
JS index.js x
1  const alfy = require("alfy")
2  const R = require("ramda")
3  const now = Date.now()
4  const origin = "http://wiki.in.zhihu.com"
5  const query = encodeURIComponent(alfy.input)
6  var cookie =
7  '_ga=GA1.2.2098186929.1524801627; seraph.confluence=41517440%3Ae3dbcc543f128b0219e54fe05be20d445369c8aa; _xs
8  const options = {
9    credentials: "include",
10   headers: {
11     cookie,
12     host: "wiki.in.zhihu.com"
13   }
14 }
15
16 alfy.fetch(`http://wiki.in.zhihu.com/rest/quicknav/1/search?query=${query}&_=${now}`, options).then(data => {
17   const contentNameMatches = R.path(["contentNameMatches"], data)
18   const result = Object.values(contentNameMatches).reduce((prev, item) => [...prev, ...item], [])
19   const items = result.map(item => ({
20     title: item.name,
21     subtitle: item.spaceName,
22     arg: `${origin}/${item.href}` arg 会作为 workflow Outputs的输入
23   }))
24
25   alfy.output(items)
26 })
27
```

编写一个基本的Workflow

Step 5

URL: 上一步的 arg 参数会传入到query Custom Search...

Encode input as UTF8 Encode spaces as

Enter the URL you would like to open. To discover a website's search URL, perform a search on the website and replace the resulting URL search term with {query} e.g. to search twitter, use <http://twitter.com/search?q={query}>

Browser: ⌵

Optionally select the browser you would like this web search to open in.

? ⌵ Cancel Save

Script Filter → Open URL